

(An Exploration Stage Company)

**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

For the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

**Expressed in Canadian dollars** 



### DALE MATHESON CARR-HILTON LABONTE LLP

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Shareholders of Helio Resource Corp.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Helio Resource Corp, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at March 31, 2017 and 2016 and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity, and cash flows for the years ended March, 31, 2017 and 2016, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence that we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Helio Resource Corp. as at March 31, 2017 and 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements which describes matters and conditions that indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Helio Resource Corp.'s ability to continue as a going concern.

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DALE MATHESON CARR-HILTON LABONTE, LLP CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Vancouver, Canada July 27, 2017

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

Canadian Dollars

ASSETS	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016		
Current assets					
Cash	\$	312,324	\$	728,023	
Short-term deposits	Ψ	-	Ψ	35,956	
Receivables and prepaids (Note 7)		103,389		60,607	
Marketable securities (Note 8)		910,892		25,000	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1,326,605		849,586	
Non-current assets					
Security deposits		32,964		32,964	
Property and equipment (Note 9)		4,288		23,115	
Mineral property acquisition costs (Note 10)		1,603,317		1,603,317	
	\$	2,967,174	\$	2,508,982	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	43,523	\$	509,359	
Accrued liabilities		352,407		406,573	
Due to related parties (Note 14)		61,579		255,862	
		457,509		1,171,794	
EQUITY					
Share capital (Note 12)		45,805,187		44,666,846	
Contributed surplus		11,747,472		11,961,193	
Accumulated other comprehensive income / (loss)		404,892		(25,000)	
Deficit		(55,447,886)		(55,265,851)	
		2,509,665		1,337,188	
	\$	2,967,174	\$	2,508,982	

Going Concern (Note 2) Commitments (Note 16) Subsequent Events (Note 17)

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

signed "Richard Williams"	signed "Stephen Leahy"
Director	Director

<sup>-</sup> See accompanying notes -

(An Exploration Stage Company)

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Canadian Dollars

	er	For the year nded March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016				
Expenses							
Amortization (Note 9)	\$	11,321	\$	60,961			
Exploration costs (Note 11)		976,717		1,117,114			
Filing and transfer agent fees		18,031		14,464			
Professional fees (Note 14.a)		61,165		130,567			
Marketing		18,965		43,909			
Office and miscellaneous		67,680		92,564			
Salaries, directors' fees and consulting (Note 14.b)		247,350		338,460			
Travel		27,096		12,161			
_		(1,428,325)		(1,810,200)			
Other income / (loss):							
Interest income		4,848		8,888			
Foreign exchange gain / (loss)		18,777		(92,839)			
Provision for VAT receivable		(13,903)		(38,964)			
Gain on sale of the Damara Gold Project (Notes 8 & 10.e)		1,003,488		-			
Gain on debt settlement (Notes 12.a, & 14.b)		233,080		41,130			
_		1,246,290		(81,785)			
Net loss for the year		(182,035)		(1,891,985)			
Other comprehensive income (loss) items: Gain / (loss) on revaluation of							
marketable securities (Note 8)		429,892		(15,000)			
Comprehensive income (loss) for the year	\$	247,857	\$	(1,906,985)			
Loss per share - basic and diluted	\$	(0.001)	\$	(0.008)			
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:  252,458,124 226,239,349							

<sup>-</sup> See accompanying notes -

(An Exploration Stage Company)

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Canadian Dollars

		Accumulated Other								
	Number of									
	Common Shares	(Note 11)	Surplus	Income / (Loss)	Deficit	Total				
March 31, 2015	218,078,959	\$ 43,299,900	\$ 12,347,037	\$ (10,000) \$	(53,373,866) \$	2,263,071				
Share issuance costs	-	(18,898)	-	-	-	(18,898)				
Warrants exercised	20,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000				
Fair value transfer on exercise of warrants	-	385,844	(385,844)	-	-	-				
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	-	-	-	(15,000)	-	(15,000)				
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,891,985)	(1,891,985)				
March 31, 2016	238,078,959	44,666,846	11,961,193	(25,000)	(55,265,851)	1,337,188				
Warrants exercised	11,500,000	575,000	-	-	-	575,000				
Shares issued to settle debt	11,654,000	349,620	-	-	-	349,620				
Fair value transfer on exercise of warrants	-	213,721	(213,721)	-	-	-				
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	429,892	-	429,892				
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(182,035)	(182,035)				
March 31, 2017	261,232,959	\$ 45,805,187	\$ 11,747,472	\$ 404,892 \$	(55,447,886) \$	2,509,665				

<sup>-</sup> See accompanying notes -

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

Canadian Dollars

Cash flows from operating activities         \$ (182,035)         \$ (1,891,985)           Non-operating interest income         (4,848)         (8,888)           Items not affecting cash:         4,848         (8,888)           Amortization         11,321         60,961           Provision for VAT receivable         13,903         38,964           Gain on debt settlement         (233,080)         (41,130)           Gain on sale of Damara project         (1,003,488)         -           Exploration recovery received in shares         -         (12,500)           Changes in non-cash working capital:         Receivables and prepaids         (42,782)         209,370           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (286,923)         101,930           Changes in non-current operating assets:         (41,3903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (13,903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities         (2,394)         -           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         (2,394)         1,			For the year ded March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016		
Non-operating interest income   (4,848)   (8,888)     Items not affecting cash:	Cash flows from operating activities					
Items not affecting cash:	Net loss for the year:	\$	(182,035)	\$	(1,891,985)	
Amortization         11,321         60,961           Provision for VAT receivable         13,903         38,964           Gain on debt settlement         (233,080)         (41,130)           Gain on sale of Damara project         (1,003,488)         -           Exploration recovery received in shares         -         (12,500)           Changes in non-cash working capital:         -         (12,500)           Receivables and prepaids         (42,782)         209,370           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (286,923)         101,930           Changes in non-current operating assets:         (13,903)         (17,402)           VAT receivable         (13,903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities         (2,394)         -           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637<	Non-operating interest income		(4,848)		(8,888)	
Provision for VAT receivable         13,903         38,964           Gain on debt settlement         (233,080)         (41,130)           Gain on sale of Damara project         (1,003,488)         -           Exploration recovery received in shares         -         (12,500)           Changes in non-cash working capital:         Receivables and prepaids         (42,782)         209,370           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (286,923)         101,930           Changes in non-current operating assets:         VAT receivable         (13,903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities         (2,394)         -           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         924,62						
Gain on debt settlement         (233,080)         (41,130)           Gain on sale of Damara project         (1,003,488)         -           Exploration recovery received in shares         -         (12,500)           Changes in non-cash working capital:         Receivables and prepaids         (42,782)         209,370           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (286,923)         101,930           Changes in non-current operating assets:         (13,903)         (17,402)           VAT receivable         (194,283)         -           Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (194,283)         -           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         924,620         1,000,000           S			11,321		60,961	
Gain on sale of Damara project         (1,003,488)         -         (12,500)           Changes in non-cash working capital:         -         (12,500)         209,370         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (286,923)         101,930         101,930         Changes in non-current operating assets:         (13,903)         (17,402)         101,930         Changes in non-current operating assets:         (194,283)         -         <	Provision for VAT receivable				38,964	
Exploration recovery received in shares         -         (12,500)           Changes in non-cash working capital:         Receivables and prepaids         (42,782)         209,370           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (286,923)         101,930           Changes in non-current operating assets:         VAT receivable         (13,903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (1936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         (34,904)         -           Sale of property and equipment         (34,904)         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities           Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash pr	Gain on debt settlement		(233,080)		(41,130)	
Changes in non-cash working capital:         (42,782)         209,370           Receivables and prepaids         (286,923)         101,930           Changes in non-current operating assets:         (13,903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash used in operating activities           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         134,901         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities           Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964	· ·		(1,003,488)		-	
Receivables and prepaids         (42,782)         209,370           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (286,923)         101,930           Changes in non-current operating assets:         (13,903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash llows from investing activities           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         134,901         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities           Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - end of year         728,023         1,260,964 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>(12,500)</td></tr<>			-		(12,500)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         (286,923)         101,930           Changes in non-current operating assets:         (13,903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities         Variable         -           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         134,901         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         728,023           Cash is composed of:         6						
Changes in non-current operating assets:         VAT receivable       (13,903)       (17,402)         Due to / from related parties       (194,283)       -         Cash used in operating activities       (1,936,118)       (1,560,680)         Cash lows from investing activities         Purchase of property and equipment       (2,394)       -         Sale of property and equipment       134,901       -         Redemption of short-term deposits       -       35,000         Interest received       40,804       11,637         Proceeds from sale of marketable securities       422,488       -         Cash provided by investing activities       595,799       46,637         Cash flows from financing activities         Proceeds from the exercise of warrants       924,620       1,000,000         Share issuance costs       -       (18,898)         Cash provided by financing activities       924,620       981,102         Net change in cash       (415,699)       (532,941)         Cash - beginning of year       728,023       1,260,964         Cash - end of year       \$ 312,324       \$ 728,023         Cash is composed of:         Cash   Solution   Solution   Solution   Solution   Solution   Solution	· · ·					
VAT receivable         (13,903)         (17,402)           Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         134,901         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities           Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         728,023           Cash is composed of:           Cash         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668	• •		(286,923)		101,930	
Due to / from related parties         (194,283)         -           Cash used in operating activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities         (2,394)         -           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         134,901         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	· · ·					
Cash used in operating activities         (1,936,118)         (1,560,680)           Cash flows from investing activities         Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         134,901         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         728,023           Cash is composed of:         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355			, ,		(17,402)	
Cash flows from investing activities           Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         134,901         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         728,023           Cash is composed of:         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	·				<u>-</u>	
Purchase of property and equipment         (2,394)         -           Sale of property and equipment         134,901         -           Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         728,023           Cash is composed of:         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	Cash used in operating activities		(1,936,118)		(1,560,680)	
Sale of property and equipment       134,901       -         Redemption of short-term deposits       -       35,000         Interest received       40,804       11,637         Proceeds from sale of marketable securities       422,488       -         Cash provided by investing activities       595,799       46,637         Cash flows from financing activities       924,620       1,000,000         Share issuance costs       -       (18,898)         Cash provided by financing activities       924,620       981,102         Net change in cash       (415,699)       (532,941)         Cash - beginning of year       728,023       1,260,964         Cash - end of year       \$ 312,324       728,023         Cash is composed of:       \$ 6,919       8,668         Deposits held by financial institution       305,405       719,355	Cash flows from investing activities					
Redemption of short-term deposits         -         35,000           Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         -         1,000,000           Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         \$ 728,023           Cash is composed of:         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	Purchase of property and equipment		(2,394)		-	
Interest received         40,804         11,637           Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         924,620         1,000,000           Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         \$ 728,023           Cash is composed of:         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	Sale of property and equipment		134,901		-	
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities         422,488         -           Cash provided by investing activities         595,799         46,637           Cash flows from financing activities         -         1,000,000           Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         728,023           Cash is composed of:         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	Redemption of short-term deposits		-		35,000	
Cash provided by investing activities       595,799       46,637         Cash flows from financing activities       924,620       1,000,000         Proceeds from the exercise of warrants       924,620       1,000,000         Share issuance costs       -       (18,898)         Cash provided by financing activities       924,620       981,102         Net change in cash       (415,699)       (532,941)         Cash - beginning of year       728,023       1,260,964         Cash - end of year       \$ 312,324       728,023         Cash is composed of:         Cash       \$ 6,919       \$ 8,668         Deposits held by financial institution       305,405       719,355	Interest received		40,804		11,637	
Cash flows from financing activities         Proceeds from the exercise of warrants       924,620       1,000,000         Share issuance costs       - (18,898)         Cash provided by financing activities       924,620       981,102         Net change in cash       (415,699)       (532,941)         Cash - beginning of year       728,023       1,260,964         Cash - end of year       \$ 312,324       \$ 728,023         Cash is composed of:         Cash       \$ 6,919       \$ 8,668         Deposits held by financial institution       305,405       719,355	Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		422,488		-	
Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         \$ 728,023           Cash is composed of:         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	Cash provided by investing activities		595,799	46,637		
Proceeds from the exercise of warrants         924,620         1,000,000           Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         \$ 728,023           Cash is composed of:         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	Cash flows from financing activities					
Share issuance costs         -         (18,898)           Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         \$ 728,023           Cash is composed of:           Cash         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	<del>_</del>		924,620		1,000,000	
Cash provided by financing activities         924,620         981,102           Net change in cash         (415,699)         (532,941)           Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         \$ 728,023           Cash is composed of:           Cash         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355			· -			
Cash - beginning of year         728,023         1,260,964           Cash - end of year         \$ 312,324         \$ 728,023           Cash is composed of:           Cash         \$ 6,919         \$ 8,668           Deposits held by financial institution         305,405         719,355	Cash provided by financing activities		924,620			
Cash - end of year       \$ 312,324       \$ 728,023         Cash is composed of:       \$ 6,919       \$ 8,668         Cash       \$ 6,919       \$ 8,668         Deposits held by financial institution       305,405       719,355	Net change in cash		(415,699)		(532,941)	
Cash is composed of:         Cash       \$ 6,919       \$ 8,668         Deposits held by financial institution       305,405       719,355	Cash - beginning of year		728,023		1,260,964	
Cash       \$ 6,919       \$ 8,668         Deposits held by financial institution       305,405       719,355	Cash - end of year	\$	312,324	\$	728,023	
Cash       \$ 6,919       \$ 8,668         Deposits held by financial institution       305,405       719,355	Cash is composed of:					
Deposits held by financial institution 305,405 719,355	-	\$	6.919	\$	8,668	
		*	•	*		
		\$	312,324	\$	728,023	

<sup>-</sup> See accompanying notes -

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND CORPORATE INFORMATION

Helio Resource Corp. (the "Company" or "Helio") was incorporated on November 8, 1998 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. The Company is listed for trading on the TSX Venture Exchange as a Tier 2 mining issuer under the symbol "HRC-V". The Company's head and registered office is located at Suite 580 - 625 Howe Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. The Company is principally engaged in the exploration and development of the Saza Makongolosi Project ("SMP") in Tanzania.

### 2. GOING CONCERN

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due. These financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material as realizable values may be substantially different from carrying values disclosed in the financial statements.

The Company holds interests in mineral properties in Tanzania and is focused on the exploration and development of these properties. The Company has not yet determined whether its mineral property interests contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. As at March 31, 2017, the Company has no source of revenue, has a deficit of \$55,447,886 and expects to incur further losses in the exploration and development of its mineral properties which will require additional financing from external sources. All of these factors cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of the Company to continue to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of its mineral property interests, or upon proceeds from the disposition of its mineral property interests and ultimately upon the discovery of economically recoverable mineral reserves. Although the Company has been successful in obtaining financing in the past, and has raised cash by selling marketable securities subsequent to March 31, 2017 (Note 17), there is no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be on terms that are acceptable to the Company.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### a) Statement of compliance

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and are consistent with interpretations by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The policies applied in these financial statements are based on IFRS's in effect as at March 31, 2017. These consolidated financial statements were approved for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on July 27, 2017.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### b) Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Helio Resource Corp. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, BAFEX Holdings Ltd., BAFEX Exploration (Proprietary) Limited, and BAFEX Tanzania Limited. All intercompany balances, transactions, and gains and losses from intercompany transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss, which are stated at their fair value. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

#### c) Basis of measurement

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

### d) Cash

Cash includes deposits held with banks that are available on demand. Cash also includes cash equivalents, if any, which are defined as financial instruments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to insignificant changes in value.

#### e) Short-term deposits

Short-term deposits include amounts held as cashable term deposits in banks with maturities at date of purchase of between 90 days and one year.

### f) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. The Company provides for amortization on a straight-line basis at the following annual rates:

Field equipment 4 years
Motor vehicles 5 years
Office equipment 3 to 7 years

Where appropriate, the Company allocates the amount initially recognized in respect of an item of property and equipment to its significant parts and amortizes each such part separately. Residual values, method of amortization and useful lives of the assets are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate.

Gains and losses on disposals of property and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset and are included in other gains and losses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### g) Mineral property acquisition costs

The Company capitalizes mineral property acquisition costs, and such costs are deferred until such time as the property is sold, put into production, the Company's mineral rights are allowed to lapse, or the property is determined to be impaired.

The costs of exploring a mineral property are expensed as incurred up to the time a decision is made to proceed with the development of the related mineral property due to the existence of economically recoverable reserves. A mineral resource is considered to have economic potential when it is expected that a documented resource can be legally and economically developed considering forecast metal prices.

### h) Impairment of non-financial assets

The recoverability of amounts expended on mineral property acquisition costs is dependent upon the determination of economically recoverable ore reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the Company's ability to overcome the regulatory, financing and other hurdles in order to complete their development and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

The Company performs impairment tests on property and equipment and mineral property interests when events or circumstances occur which indicate the assets may not be recoverable. Impairment assessments are carried out on a project-by-project basis with each project representing a single cash generating unit.

When impairment indicators are identified, an impairment loss is recognized if the asset's carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's value in use or the asset's fair value less costs to sell.

### i) Foreign currency translation

### (i) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company and of each subsidiary of the Company is the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is Canadian dollars. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars.

### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of an entity using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses result from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than an entity's functional currency. These gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### j) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value on the statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the financial instrument's classification. The Company's cash is classified as loans and receivables.

Receivables and short-term deposits are classified as loans and receivables and are thus recorded at amortized cost, net of anticipated collection costs, if any.

Financial assets classified as available for sale are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income and loss except for losses in value that are considered other than temporary which are recognized in profit or loss. Marketable securities are classified as available for sale.

Accounts payable, due to related parties, and accrued liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Financial instrument fair values are classified within a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to fair value measurement. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1	Valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical
	assets or liabilities;
Level 2	Valuation based on directly or indirectly observable inputs (other than Level 1

inputs) such as quoted interest or currency exchange rates; and

Level 3 Valuation based on significant inputs that are not based on observable market data such as discounted cash flow methodologies based on internal cash flow forecasts.

### k) Impairment of Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. If such evidence exists, the Company recognizes an impairment loss.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the loss is the difference between the amortized cost of the receivable and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted using the instrument's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced by this amount either directly or indirectly through the use of an allowance account.

Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event or condition occurring after the impairment was recognized.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Share Issuance Costs

Professional, consulting, regulatory and other costs directly attributable to financing transactions are recorded as deferred share issue costs until the financing transactions are completed, if the completion of the transaction is considered likely; otherwise they are expensed as incurred. Share issue costs are charged to share capital when the related shares are issued. Deferred share issue costs related to financing transactions that are not completed are charged to expenses.

### m) Share-Based Payments

The Company applies the fair value method of accounting for all stock option awards. Under this method, compensation expense attributed to the award of options to employees is measured at the fair value of the award on the date of grant, and is recognized over the vesting period of the award. The fair value of the award is determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. Share-based payments to non-employees are valued based on the fair value of the service received on the date at which the Company receives the service. If and when the stock options are ultimately exercised, the applicable amounts of contributed surplus are transferred to share capital.

The fair value of the instruments granted is measured using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, taking into account the terms and conditions under which the instruments are granted. The fair value of the awards is adjusted by an estimate of the number of awards that are expected to vest as a result of non-market conditions. At each statement of financial position date, the Company revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market conditions including the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, with corresponding adjustments to equity.

### n) Income Tax

Income taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method. Temporary differences arise from the difference between the tax basis of an asset or liability and its carrying amount on the statement of financial position. Deferred income tax liabilities or assets are calculated using enacted or substantively enacted statutory tax rates applicable to the periods that the temporary differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that realization of such benefits is considered to be more likely than not.

### o) Loss per Common Share

Basic earnings / (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The Company follows the "treasury stock" method in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. The treasury stock method is a method of recognizing the use of proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of options and warrants in computing diluted earnings per share. It assumes that any proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. Since the Company has losses, the exercise of outstanding options and warrants has not been included in the calculation as increasing the number of shares outstanding would be anti-dilutive.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### p) New Accounting Standards

The following are expected changes to IFRS that have been announced and are most likely to have some impact on the Company. The Company is currently reviewing the impact of these changes. They are not anticipated to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements, but may result in additional disclosures in future years.

IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows: This amended standard requires entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017.

IAS 12, Income Taxes: The amendments clarify how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured at fair value. As the Company has no debt instruments, the company anticipates that this change will have no impact on the financial statements. This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017.

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments: This new standard replaces IAS 9 and contains requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, impairment of financial assets, hedge accounting, and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities carried forward from IAS 39. It is effective for annual periods commencing on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers: This new standard establishes a new control-based revenue recognition model which could change the timing of revenue recognition. It is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 16, Leases: This new standard replaces IAS 17 "Leases" and the related interpretative guidance. IFRS 16 applies a control model to the identification of leases, distinguishing between a lease and a service contract on the basis of whether the customer controls the asset being leased. For those assets determined to meet the definition of a lease, IFRS 16 introduces significant changes to the accounting by lessees, introducing a single, on-balance sheet accounting model that is similar to current finance lease accounting, with limited exceptions for short-term leases or leases of low value assets. Lessor accounting is not substantially changed. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted for entities that have adopted IFRS 15. The Company has not yet assessed the future impact of this new standard on its financial statements.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 4. SIGNIFICANT JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

### Significant estimates and assumptions:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. These estimates and assumptions may impact the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Estimates and assumptions where there is significant risk of material adjustments to assets and liabilities in future accounting periods include the valuation of receivables, fair value measurements for financial instruments, share-based payments and warrants, and the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets.

### Significant judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make judgments, apart from those involving estimates, in applying accounting policies. The most significant judgments applying to the Company's financial statements include: the assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether there are events or conditions that may give rise to significant uncertainty in relation to this assessment; the assessment of impairment indicators for the Company's mineral property acquisition costs; the classification/allocation of expenditures as capitalized or operating expenses; and the classification of financial instruments.

### a) Going concern

These statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company is able to continue as a going concern. Additional information relating to the going concern assumption is disclosed in Note 2.

### b) Impairment of mineral property acquisition costs

Management's judgment is that there is no impairment of mineral property acquisition costs. Costs capitalised are expected to be recoverable either through future profitable production, or through sale of the projects. Further, ownership in mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining and obtaining clear title to claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyance history characteristics of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated ownership of its mineral properties and in management's judgment, ownership of its mineral property interests are in good standing at March 31, 2017. Mineral property interests are subject both to routine renewal, and non-routine extension and conversion. At appropriate times, the Company applies to the relevant Ministry of Energy and Minerals for licence renewals, extensions and conversions and is subject to the Ministry's decisions. Carrying amounts of mineral property acquisition costs are specified on the Statement of Financial Position.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 4. SIGNIFICANT JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Receivables and VAT receivable

The Company is continuing to pursue refunds of VAT paid in Tanzania. The Company has been successful in obtaining substantial refunds in the past, but delays in processing refunds introduce additional costs and uncertainty. As a result, the Company has taken substantial provisions against these receivables. Management's estimation of recoverability of VAT receivable is subject to risks and uncertainties based on global economic factors and on possible future tax assessments in Tanzania. Carrying amounts of Receivables and VAT receivable are detailed in Note 7.

d) Valuation of financial instruments, share-based payments and warrants
The Company holds marketable securities of a public company that, at times, experiences low trading volumes and of a private company, where trading volumes are even lower, and visibility of trade information is low. As such, the last traded price, which is used to determine the fair value of publicly traded marketable securities, may not be an accurate measure of the value of the underlying securities.

In addition, the Company uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model in order to calculate the fair value of stock options granted and warrants issued. Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected price volatility, forfeiture rate and expected life. Historical price volatility, forfeiture rate and option life were used as a starting point for the development of future expectations. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options at the date of grant.

- e) Recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets
  The Company holds losses carried forward and other amounts that may be deducted from future taxable income. Since the Company does not consider it more likely than not that it will have taxable net income in the near future, the deferred tax assets have not been recognized for accounting purposes, but are further described in Note 15.
- f) Classification and allocation of expenditures as capitalized or operating expenses Management exercises judgment when classifying exploration expenditures as operating expenses. Once a decision is made to proceed with development of a mineral property, the costs of developing the mineral property into a mine will be capitalized. In addition, the allocation of expenditures to categories is an area where management uses judgment.
- g) Classification of financial instruments

The classification of a financial instrument depends on its nature, as well as on management's judgment regarding future circumstances. This is especially relevant when determining whether financial assets are to be treated as held-to-maturity investments, or as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

#### 5. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its common shares, options and warrants as capital. As the Company is in the Exploration stage, its principal source of funds is from the issuance of common shares (See Note 2, Going Concern). When managing the capital structure, the Company's competing objectives are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to actively pursue the exploration and development of its projects and to minimise the number of shares issued. The Company has not established any quantitative capital management criteria as the competing objectives require subjective analysis.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

### a) Categorization and valuation

The Company has categorized its financial instruments as follows:

- i) Cash, short-term deposits, receivables and security deposits are categorized as loans and receivables, and are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Due to the short-term nature of current receivables, the Company estimates that their fair value approximates their face value. Marketable securities that are classified as available for sale are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income and loss except for losses in value that are considered other than temporary which are recognized in profit or loss.
- ii) Accounts payable, due to related parties, and accrued liabilities are categorized as other financial liabilities and are recorded at their amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Due to the short-term nature of accounts payable, due to related parties, and accrued liabilities, the Company estimates that their fair value approximates their face value.

#### b) Risk management

As a result of its use of financial instruments, the Company is subject to liquidity risk, credit risk, interest rate risk, and currency risk.

### i) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. As at March 31, 2017, the Company's only financial liabilities are accounts payable, due to related parties, and accrued liabilities. These amounts are primarily due within 30 days of invoicing. The Company manages the liquidity risk inherent in these financial liabilities by ensuring that the Company has funds available to pay suppliers prior to engaging them to provide goods or services. See also Note 2, Going Concern.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### b) Risk Management (continued)

### ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Financial assets and liabilities and other monetary items exposed to credit risk include:

	March 31, 2017 March 31, 2016									
Financial instruments exposed t	o credit ri	isk:								
Cash	\$	312,324	\$ 728,023							
Short-term deposits Receivables		- 65,413	35,956 5,446							
Security deposits		32,964	32,964							
Amounts that are not financial instruments, but are subject to credit risk:										
VAT and GST Receivables		6,424	19,431							
	\$	417,125	\$ 821,820							

The maximum exposure to credit risk on financial assets and liabilities and other monetary items as at March 31, 2017 is \$417,125 (2016 – \$821,820). The Company monitors its exposure to credit risk by monitoring the various financial instrument balances and other monetary items held by each creditor.

The Company manages credit risk by holding a majority of cash with Canadian chartered banks and credit unions, each considered an extremely low credit risk. Similarly, short-term deposits are held as fixed-rate cashable Guaranteed Investment Certificates (GIC's) issued by Canadian chartered banks and credit unions covered by deposit insurance (CDIC or CUDIC).

#### iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that either the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Amounts subject to interest rate risk are primarily the short-term deposits held in fixed-rate cashable GIC's. A decrease in the market interest rate of 10 basis points (0.1%) would have resulted in an increase in the fair value of \$nil as at March 31, 2017 (2016 – \$35).

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### b) Risk management (continued)

### iv) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company operates internationally, which gives rise to the risk that cash flows may be beneficially or adversely impacted by exchange rate fluctuations. The Company has not entered into foreign currency contracts to hedge its risk against foreign currency fluctuations. Amounts subject to currency risk are primarily the cash and receivables that are denominated in foreign currencies, offset by those accounts payable denominated in foreign currencies. Together they create a net exposure to currency fluctuations.

The Company raises funds in Canadian dollars and spends funds primarily in Canadian dollars (CAD), US dollars (USD), Tanzanian shillings (TZS), and, previously, in Namibian dollars (NAD). The Company is exposed to currency risk primarily on settlements of purchases that were denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, and on holding VAT receivable amounts in TZS and NAD. In order to change the Company's exposure to currency risk on net payables balances, the Company periodically increases or decreases the amount of funds held in foreign currencies.

The following is a break-down of financial assets and liabilities and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies to which the Company is exposed:

		March 31, 2017	7	March 31, 2016				
	USD	TZS	NAD	USD	TZS	NAD		
Cash	51,128	17,273,436	-	347,206	128,682,019	121,747		
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	231,852		
Security deposits	-	-	-	-	-	46,400		
Accounts payable, due to related party & accrued liabilities	, ,	(11,773,714)	-	(582,097)	(296,369)	(74,117)		
Total in foreign currency CAD Exchange	(202,780)	5,499,722	-	(234,891)	128,385,650	325,882		
rate	0.7505	1,717.91		0.76788	1,718.33	11.4489		
Net exposure in equivalent CAD	\$ (270,188)	\$ 3,201	\$ -	\$ (305,896)	\$ 74,694	\$ 28,464		

Based on year-end closing asset and liability balances, the Company's largest foreign currency exposure as at March 31, 2017 is to the US dollar. A 1% increase in the USD:CAD exchange rate would increase the net loss by \$2,700. A 1% increase in the TZS:CAD or NAD:CAD exchange rates would have a negligible impact on the net loss. In any case, there would have been no impact on other comprehensive loss.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

#### 7. RECEIVABLES AND PREPAIDS

#### a) Receivables and prepaids

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Prepaid expenses	\$ 31,552	\$ 35,730
Receivables	65,413	5,446
Sales tax receivable - Namibia		7,149
Sales tax receivable - Canada	6,424	12,282
	\$ 103,389	\$ 60,607

Sales tax receivables are sales taxes that are expected to be recoverable from the governments in the various jurisdictions within the next year.

The Sales Tax Receivable amounts in Tanzania are past due. While amounts have historically been collected after some delay, management's has fully provided for these amounts receivable as the delays prior to payment have increased substantially.

The Company has experienced delays in receiving payment after filing applications for refunds of certain input tax credits in Tanzania. In addition, there have been discussions with the tax authority in Tanzania pertaining to the refundability of VAT amounts that the Company is claiming. As a result, a cumulative provision of \$309,000 (2016 - \$295,000) is offsetting the underlying amount of the receivable in recognition of the credit risk, as well as the anticipated costs of collection. While collection of some of this amount is possible, there also exists the potential for tax assessments to be raised that could exceed the amount that has been provided.

### 8. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

As part of the mineral property option agreement with Damara Gold Corp. ("Damara"), the Company received 500,000 shares of Damara in two tranches, 250,000 on July 9, 2015 and 250,000 on July 26, 2014. The total initial fair value on receipt of the shares was \$50,000. This agreement is further described in Note 10.e).

In addition, the Company received and retained 17,717,857 shares of Osino Resources Corp. ("Osino"), a private corporation, as part of the transaction whereby Helio, Damara and Osino Resources Corp. agreed to merge their respective interests in Namibia. The Company received entitlement to an additional 17,717,857 shares of Osino which it assigned to another party on closing the transaction in exchange for cash proceeds of \$456,000 (Note 10.e). Subsequent to year end, the remaining Osino shares were sold for cash proceeds of \$885,892, (Note 17) forming the basis for valuation of the Osino shares at March 31, 2017.

Company name	# of shares	Fair value at March 31, 2017	Fair value at March 31, 2016			
Damara Gold Corp.	500,000	\$25,000	\$25,000			
Osino Resources Corp.	17,717,857	\$885,892	n/a			
		\$910,892	\$25,000			

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 9. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Field	Office	Leasehold	Motor	
2017	equipment	equipment	improvements	vehicle	Total
Net book value					
At March 31, 2016	\$ 2,712	\$ 18,988	\$ 	\$ 1,415	\$ 84,076
Additions		1,680			1,680
Disposals		(9,186)			(9,186)
Amortization	(951)	(8,955)		(1,415)	(11,321)
At March 31, 2017	\$ 1,761	\$ 2,527	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 4,288
Consisting of					
Cost	\$ 91,798	\$ 123,073	\$ 81,062	\$ 205,323	\$ 501,256
Accumulated					
amortization	(90,036)	(120,547)	(81,062)	(205, 323)	(496,968)
At March 31, 2017	\$ 1,762	\$ 2,526	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 4,288

2016	 Field equipment	 Office equipment	-	Leasehold improvements	Motor vehicle	Total
Net book value						
At March 31, 2015	\$ 3,913	\$ 31,600	\$		\$ 48,563	\$ 84,076
Amortization	(1,201)	(12,612)			(47,148)	(60,963)
At March 31, 2016	\$ 2,712	\$ 18,988	\$		\$ 1,415	\$ 23,115
Consisting of						
Cost	\$ 91,798	\$ 155,652	\$	81,062	\$ 394,752	\$ 723,264
Accumulated						
amortization	(89,086)	(136,664)		(81,062)	(393, 337)	(700, 149)
At March 31, 2016	\$ 2,712	\$ 18,988	\$		\$ 1,415	\$ 23,115

In conjunction with the sale of the DGP to Osino (Note 10.e), Helio disposed of fully depreciated equipment in Namibia with cost and accumulated amortization of \$189,430.

### 10. MINERAL PROPERTY ACQUISITION COSTS

<u> </u>	Saza	Saza West	Makongolosi	Namibia¹		Total
March 31, 2016 and 2017	396,818 \$	291,500 \$	914,999	\$ \$	;	1,603,317

<sup>1 -</sup> Namibian mineral properties were obtained by prospecting or earn-in without any capitalised cash or share payments, and were sold during the year.

The SMP gold project consists of the areas described in the following sections a) b) c) & d):

### a) Saza Licence, Tanzania

On December 19, 2005, the Company signed an option agreement with Thorn Tree Minerals Limited ("Thorn Tree"), a private Tanzanian mining company, through which the Company has earned a 100% interest in the Saza licence within the Lupa Goldfields in southwest Tanzania. The interest is subject to a 2% Net Smelter Royalty which can be reduced to 1% by paying Thorn Tree \$1,000,000 in cash prior to commencement of commercial production.

In order to vest its 100% interest, during the four year earn-in period the Company spent over \$2,000,000 on exploration over 4 years, and made cash and share payments totalling \$396,818 to Thorn Tree.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

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### 10. MINERAL PROPERTY ACQUISITION COSTS (CONTINUED)

#### b) Saza West, Tanzania

On January 1, 2009, the Company signed an option agreement with Thorn Tree through which the Company has earned a 100% interest in the Saza West licence within the Lupa Goldfields in southwest Tanzania. The interest is subject to a 2% Net Smelter Royalty which can be reduced to 1% by paying Thorn Tree \$1,000,000 in cash prior to commencement of commercial production.

In order to vest its 100% interest, during the four year earn-in period the Company issued 1,025,000 common shares at a fair value of \$266,500 and made a cash payment of \$25,000 to Thorn Tree.

### c) Ilunga, Gap and Kwaheri (known as the Makongolosi projects), Tanzania

On January 9, 2007, the Company signed an option agreement with Dhahabu Resources and Mining Co. Ltd ("Dhahabu"), a private Tanzanian mining company, through which the Company has earned a 100% interest in three contiguous Prospecting Licences known as Ilunga, Gap and Kwaheri that are within the Lupa Goldfields in southwest Tanzania. The interest is subject to a 2% Net Smelter Royalty which can be reduced to 1% by paying Dhahabu \$1,000,000 in cash (per licence) prior to commencement of commercial production.

In order to earn 100% interests in the licences, over an earn-in period of four years, the Company spent over \$3,000,000 on exploration, issued 150,000 common shares in fiscal 2007 at a fair value of \$120,000, and made cash/share payments with a total fair value of \$914,999 to Dhahabu.

### d) Other, Tanzania

The Company holds other licences in Tanzania which form part of the SMP and are adjacent to those listed above. These licences were acquired directly, with minimal acquisition costs.

### e) Namibia

On March 27, 2014, the Company signed a Letter of Intent (the "LOI") with Damara Gold Corp. ("Damara", formerly Solomon Resources Limited) whereby Damara could earn up to a 60% interest in Helio's Damara Gold and Tin Project ("DGP") in Namibia. By issuing 1,500,000 shares (500,000 received at March 31, 2017) and by spending \$1,500,000 on exploration over 3 years, Damara could have earned an initial 51% interest in the DGP.

On February 18, 2016, Helio announced that both Helio and Damara agreed to transfer their respective interests in the DGP into Osino Resources Corp. ("Osino"), a privately held corporation. In order to effect this transaction, Damara and Helio agreed to cancel the earn in agreement established under the March 27, 2014 LOI. In exchange for transferring its interest ino Osino, Helio received total proceeds of \$125,000 in cash and 35,435,714 shares of Osino (Note 8) with an initial fair value of \$912,000. After deducting costs of \$33,512, the transaction resulted in a net gain on sale of \$1,003,488. At closing of the transfer, Helio agreed to assign 50% of its interest in Osino to a third party in exchange for a cash payment of \$456,000. The transfer and assignment transactions closed on May 31, 2016. After assignment, Helio initially owned 30.25% of the shares of Osino, and Damara initially owned 22% of the shares of Osino. At year end, Helio owned 21.22% of Osino due to Osino having issued additional shares.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 11. EXPLORATION COSTS

Plinian Capital LLP ("Plinian") is now the operator of the SMP Gold project, under the terms of the operating agreement, which was signed in conjunction with Plinian's investment in the Company's financing in May 2013. The operating agreement calls for fees of \$75,000 USD per quarter which were initiated on July 1, 2014. Plinian has been deferring collection of their fees since April 2015.

Year ended March 31, 2017		Tanzania						
		Saza and Saza West		Makongolosi		Namibia		Total
Field Expenses and Consumables	\$	1,370	\$	3,631	\$	-	\$	5,001
Geological Consulting		25,465		58,078		-		83,543
Licence and Permits		36,212		118,140		-		154,352
Metallurgical Testing		30,176		15,088		-		45,264
Operator Fees		75,496		169,866		-		245,362
Salaries and Wages		88,239		276,459		-		364,698
Exploration Office Expenses		21,950		56,547		-		78,497
Total Costs for the Year Ended March 31, 2017:	\$	278,908	\$	697,809	\$	-	\$	976,717

Vd-d		Tanzania							
Year ended March 31, 2016	Saza and Saza West		Makongolosi			Namibia		Total	
Field Expenses and Consumables	\$	1,354	\$	3,339	\$	-	\$	4,693	
Geochemical Survey and Assays		924		2,156		-		3,080	
Geological Consulting		22,647		50,724		845		74,216	
Licence and Permits		40,469		114,883		6,569		161,921	
Metallurgical Testing		29,342		14,671		-		44,013	
Operator Fees		120,776		271,746		-		392,522	
Salaries and Wages		46,329		128,541		120,633		295,503	
Shipping		1,027		-		-		1,027	
Transportation and Travel		5,582		15,746		16,335		37,663	
Exploration Office Expenses		23,559		57,177		21,740		102,476	
Total Costs for the Year Ended March 31, 2016:	\$	292,009	\$	658,983	\$	166,122	\$	1,117,114	

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

#### 12. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Authorized share capital: Unlimited common shares without par value

In June, 2015, the exercise price of all warrants outstanding was reduced to \$0.05 per share, with the exception of those warrants issued as finder's units.

On July 2, 2015, 6,140,000 warrants were exercised by a related party at \$0.05 for proceeds to the Company of \$307,000.

On November 4, 2015, 6,497,150 warrants were exercised by a related party at \$0.05 for proceeds to the Company of \$324,857.

On February 29, 2016, 7,362,850 warrants were exercised by a related party at \$0.05 for proceeds to the Company of \$368,142.

In June 2016, 11,500,000 warrants were exercised at \$0.05 for proceeds to the Company of \$575,000.

In October 2016, 2,054,000 shares were issued to management and directors to settle an aggregate amount of \$102,700 owed to them for deferred fees and salaries. In addition, in November 2016, a further 9,600,000 shares were issued to Plinian, to settle an amount of \$480,000 owing to them. In both instances, the shares were issued at an agreed value of \$0.05, but had a fair value of \$0.03. As a result of the fair value being lower than the agreed value, Helio realized a gain on debt settlement of \$233,080.

### b) Share-based payments

The Company has established a share purchase option plan whereby the Board of Directors may grant options to directors, officers, employees or consultants. The goal of this plan is to more closely align the interests of option-holders with the interests of shareholders.

The Company has been authorized by its shareholders to grant stock options numbering up to ten percent (10%) of the number of common shares issued and outstanding. Options granted are subject to a maximum term of ten years from the date of grant. The exercise price of an option must be determined in accordance with the share purchase option plan. Options vest after one year unless determined otherwise by the Board of Directors.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 12. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

### b) Share-based payments (continued)

Details of stock option activity are as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average exercise price
Outstanding, March 31, 2015 and 2016	8,700,000	\$0.16
Cancelled	(1,900,000)	\$0.12
Expired	(1,300,000)	\$0.45
Outstanding, March 31, 2017	5,500,000	\$0.11

No options were granted nor exercised during the years ended March 31, 2017 or 2016, however, some options did expire subsequent to year end (Note 17).

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding to directors, officers, employees and consultants as at March 31, 2017:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number of options outstanding	Remaining contractual life (years)	Number of options exercisable
May 8, 2012	May 8, 2017	\$0.25	1,200,000	0.1	1,200,000
Oct. 1, 2014	Oct. 1, 2019	\$0.07	4,300,000	2.5	4,300,000
			5,500,000	2.5	5,500,000

### c) Share Purchase Warrants

Details of share purchase warrant activity is as follows:

	Number of	Weighted
	warrants	average
		exercise price
As at March 31, 2015	66,238,000	\$0.12 <sup>†</sup>
Exercised	(20,000,000)	\$0.05
Expired	(25,000,000)	\$0.14
As at March 31, 2016	21,238,000	\$0.05 <sup>†</sup>
Exercised	(11,500,000)	\$0.05
Expired	(9,738,000)	\$0.05
As at March 31, 2017	Nil	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> - All remaining non-broker warrants were repriced to \$0.05 in June 2015

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has two operating segments, which are mineral exploration and development in Tanzania and Namibia. Neither segment generates revenue. Resources are allocated to projects. As the projects are in different countries, this equates to allocating resources by geographical area.

Total assets by geographical area:

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Canada	\$ 1,269,352	\$ 762,509
Namibia		26,288
Tanzania	 1,697,822	1,720,185
	\$ 2,967,174	\$ 2,508,982

Cash amounting to \$240,114 (2016 - \$639,477) was held in Canada, with lesser amounts being held in Namibia and Tanzania. Short-term deposits are held entirely in Canada.

Capital assets, including mineral properties, by geographic area:

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Canada	\$ 1,108	\$ 835
Namibia		1,418
Tanzania	 1,606,497	1,624,179
	\$ 1,607,605	\$ 1,626,432

Net loss by geographic area:

	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2016
Canada	\$ (148,278)	\$ (567,264)
Namibia	1,003,488	(226,811)
Tanzania	 (1,037,245)	(1,097,910)
	\$ (182,035)	\$ (1,891,985)

Exploration expenses by geographic area:

		Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2016
Canada	\$		\$ 
Namibia			166,121
Tanzania	<u></u>	976,717	950,993
	\$	976,717	\$ 1,117,114

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The amounts charged to the Company for the services provided have been determined by negotiation among the parties and, in certain cases, are covered by signed agreements. Except where specifically noted, amounts due to related parties are shown as a separate category on the statement of financial position.

### a) Legal services

During the year, the Company received legal services of approximately \$38,300 (2016 – \$55,000) from a law firm, in which the Corporate Secretary of the Company is a partner. \$nil of this amount was payable at March 31, 2017 (2016 – \$26,000) and was included in accounts payable.

### b) Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons that have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management includes the Company's directors and members of the senior management group. Details of key management personnel compensation is as follows:

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Salaries and short-term employee benefits, including amounts recorded as exploration costs	\$ 343,700	\$ 488,800
Restructuring costs Directors' fees	192,800 71,000	 39,000
Helio gain on debt settlement	(233,080)	
Operator fees	245,400	393,000
Share-based payments	\$ 619,820	\$ 920,800

Apart from legal services, \$61,579 was payable to related parties at March 31, 2017 and is included in due to related parties (2016 – \$648,800).

# Helio Resource Corp. (An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 15. INCOME TAXES

a) A reconciliation of the expected income tax recovery to the actual income tax recovery is as follows:

	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Net loss for the year	\$ (182,035)	(1,891,985)
Statutory tax rate in Canada	26.00%	26.00%
Expected income tax recovery	(47,329)	(491,916)
Additions and deductions:	, ,	,
Non-deductible expenses	2,465	1,114
Non-taxable (income) / losses in foreign	·	·
jurisdictions	(88,245)	195,974
Deduction of share issuance costs	(19,211)	(20,767)
Effect of different foreign statutory tax rates	, , ,	( , ,
on earnings of subsidiaries	(13,319)	(28,819)
Foreign exchange loss / (gain) on the	( - / /	( - / /
components of the future tax assets and		
liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	(3,782)	1,233,983
	,	, ,
Income tax benefits not recognized	 169,421	(889,569)
Income tax expense / recovery	\$ 9	

The Company has incurred non-capital losses for tax purposes from Canadian and foreign b) sources, that are available to offset future taxable income. These losses may be carried forward and expire as follows:

Year of expiry	Loss carried forward	Jurisdiction
2027	\$ 807,945	Canada
2028	1,161,479	Canada
2029	1,146,549	Canada
2030	1,354,448	Canada
2031	1,386,955	Canada
2032	1,378,960	Canada
2033	1,160,256	Canada
2034	943,258	Canada
2035	951,822	Canada
2036	632,996	Canada
2037	245,733	Canada
No expiry	23,852,344	Tanzania
	\$ 35,022,745	

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 15. INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

c) The components of the unrecognized deferred income tax asset balances are as follows:

	 March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Non-capital losses Share issuance costs	\$ 10,060,007 35,863	\$ 12,069,126 55,074
VAT Receivable	86,421	88,614
Property and equipment	11,977	40,468
Mineral property acquisition costs		(480,995)
Other	 	506,276
Net unrecognized deferred income tax assets	\$ 10,194,268	\$ 13,168,162

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using statutory rates that are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

There are loss carry forwards available in the appropriate jurisdictions that are more than sufficient to offset any future income tax liabilities that exist in relation to property, plant and equipment and mineral property acquisition costs.

Deferred income tax assets are recorded when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered in future periods. Based on this criterion, no net deferred income tax assets have been recorded.

In the normal course of business, the Company may be subject to audit by taxation authorities. These audits may alter the timing or amount of income taxes, import/export duties, consumption taxes, withholding taxes, payroll taxes or other taxes levied, or VAT or other taxes refunded. The amounts ultimately assessed or reassessed upon resolution of issues raised may differ from the amounts accrued.

### 16. COMMITMENTS

The Company has no exploration commitments, nor cash payments remaining to maintain its mineral property option agreements, and is subject only to the fees and expenditure requirements required by the government of Tanzania.

Minimum office-lease payments for premises for the next five fiscal years and thereafter are as follows:

Years ended	
March 31,	
2018 – 2021	\$ 81,000 per year
2022	\$ 7,000
Thereafter	\$ Nil

The office-lease was assigned to another company subsequent to year-end (Note 17).

(An Exploration Stage Company)

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2017

Expressed in Canadian dollars

### 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year end, 17,717,857 Osino shares were sold for cash proceeds of \$885,892 (Note 8).

On May 8, 2017, 1,200,000 options with an exercise price of \$0.25 expired unexercised. (Note 12 b).

On June 19, 2017, the Company announced that it had entered into a definitive arrangement agreement with Shanta Gold Limited ("Shanta") pursuant to which Shanta will acquire all of the issued and outstanding common shares of Helio by way of a statutory plan of arrangement (the "Plan of Arrangement"). The Agreement is subject to shareholder and B.C. Supreme Court approval. The arrangement agreement specifies the terms of a conditional, all-share transaction under which Shanta would acquire 100% of all issued and outstanding Helio shares in exchange for 59.5 million Shanta shares. If approved, Helio shareholders will receive 0.227766 of a Shanta share for each Helio share.

Effective July 1, 2017, the Company assigned its office lease to another company, significantly reducing the future commitments described in Note 16.